





### **European Technical Assessment**

ETA 17/0182 of 22/02/2017

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA: Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction

product belongs

eota@tzus.cz

Product area code: 33

Bonded injection type anchor for use in cracked and non-cracked concrete

SIHGA GmbH Manufacturer

Gewerbepark Kleinreith 4

4694 Ohlsdorf

Austria

BeziFee

**Manufacturing plant** Sihga GmbH Herstellwerk 1 /

Sihga GmbH Plant 1

**This European Technical Assessment** 

contains

20 pages including 16 Annexes which form

an integral part of this assessment.

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with regulation

(EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

ETAG 001-Part 1 and Part 5, edition 2013, used as European Assessment Document

(EAD)

Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

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### 1. Technical description of the product

The BeziFee is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar BeziFee and a steel element. The steel element consists of a commercial threaded rod with washer and hexagon nut in the range M8 to M30 or a reinforcing bar in the range of diameter 8 to 32 mm.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

The illustration and the description of the product are given in Annex A.

#### 2. Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable EAD

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

## 3. Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - threaded rod	See Annex C 1, C2
Characteristic resistance for tension loads - rebar	See Annex C 4
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - threaded rod	See Annex C 3
Characteristic resistance for shear loads - rebar	See Annex C 5
Displacement for threaded rod	See Annex C 6
Displacement for rebar	See Annex C 6

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	No performance assessed

#### 3.3 Hygiene, health and environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances contained in this European Technical Assessment, there may be requirements applicable to the products falling within its scope (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions). In order to meet the provisions of the Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

#### 3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

For basic requirement safety in use the same criteria are valid as for Basic Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.

#### 3.5 Sustainable use of natural resources (BWR 7)

For the sustainable use of natural resources no performance was determined for this product.

#### 3.6 General aspects relating to fitness for use

Durability and serviceability are only ensured if the specifications of intended use according to Annex B 1 are kept.

#### 4. Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied with reference to its legal base

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission<sup>1</sup> the system of assessment verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) given in the following table apply.

Product	Intended use	Level or class	System
Metal anchors for use	For fixing and/or supporting to		
in concrete	concrete, structural elements		
	(which contributes to the	-	1
	stability of the works) or heavy		
	units		

#### 5. Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided in the applicable EAD

#### 5.1 Tasks of the manufacturer

The manufacturer shall exercise permanent internal control of production. All the elements, requirements and provisions adopted by the manufacturer shall be documented in a systematic manner in the form of written policies and procedures, including records of results performed. This production control system shall insure that the product is in conformity with this European Technical Assessment.

The manufacturer may only use raw materials stated in the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment.

The factory production control shall be in accordance with the control plan which is a part of the technical documentation of this European Technical Assessment. The control plan is laid down in the context of the factory production control system operated by the manufacturer and deposited at Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague.<sup>2</sup> The results of factory production control shall be recorded and evaluated in accordance with the provisions of the control plan.

The manufacturer shall, on the basis of a contract, involve a body which is notified for the tasks referred to in section 4 in the field of anchors in order to undertake the actions laid down in section 5.2. For this purpose, the control plan referred to in this section and section 5.2 shall be handed over by the manufacturer to the notified body involved.

The manufacturer shall make a declaration of performance, stating that the construction product is in conformity with the provisions of this European Technical Assessment.

Official Journal of the European Communities L 254 of 08.10.1996

The control plan is a confidential part of the documentation of the European Technical Assessment, but not published together with the ETA and only handed over to the approved body involved in the procedure of AVCP.

#### 5.2 Tasks of the notified bodies

The notified body shall retain the essential points of its actions referred to above and state the results obtained and conclusions drawn in a written report.

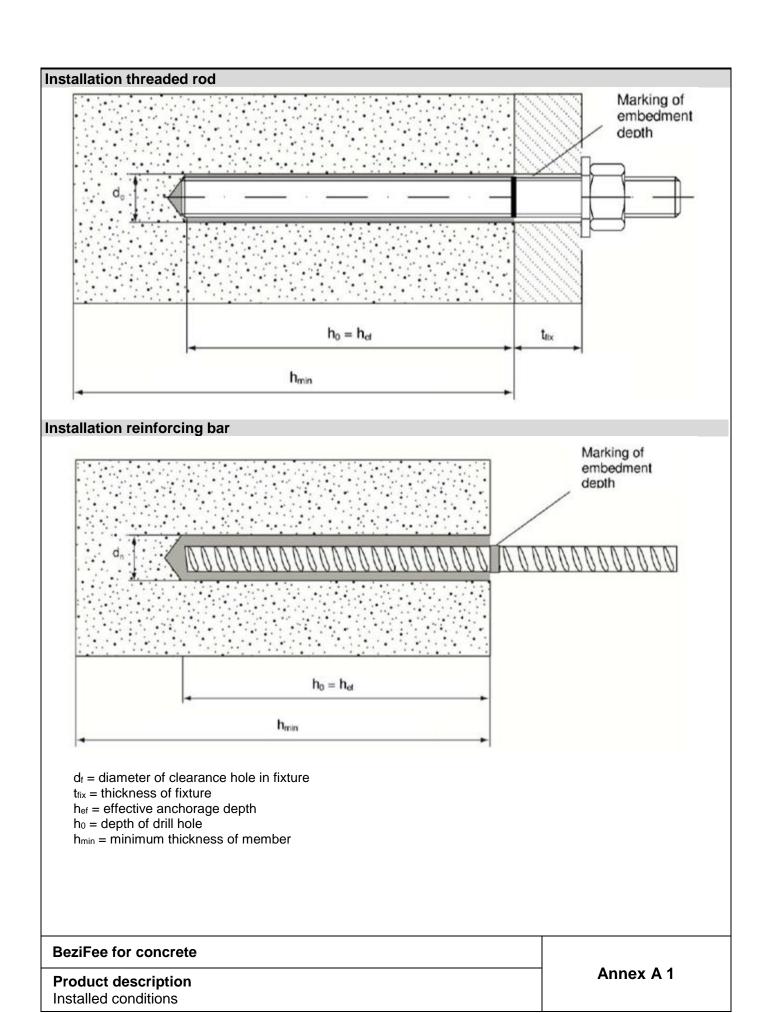
The notified certification body involved by the manufacturer shall issue a certificate of constancy of performance of the product stating the conformity with the provisions of this European Technical Assessment.

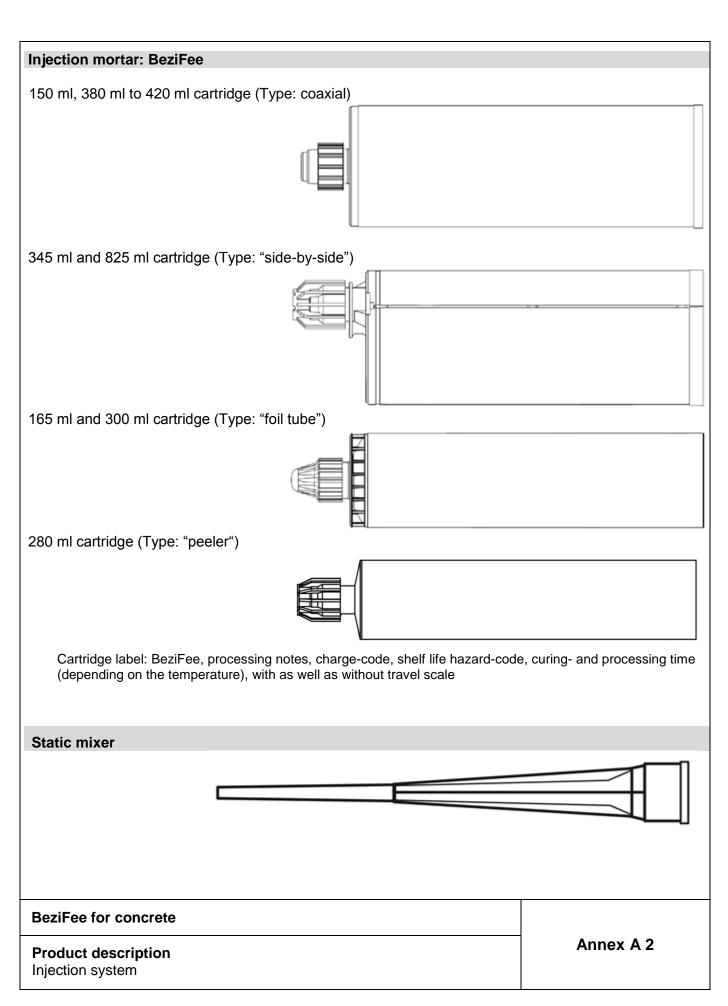
In cases where the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and its control plan are no longer fulfilled the notified body shall withdraw the certificate of constancy of performance and inform Technical and Test Institute for Construction Prague without delay.

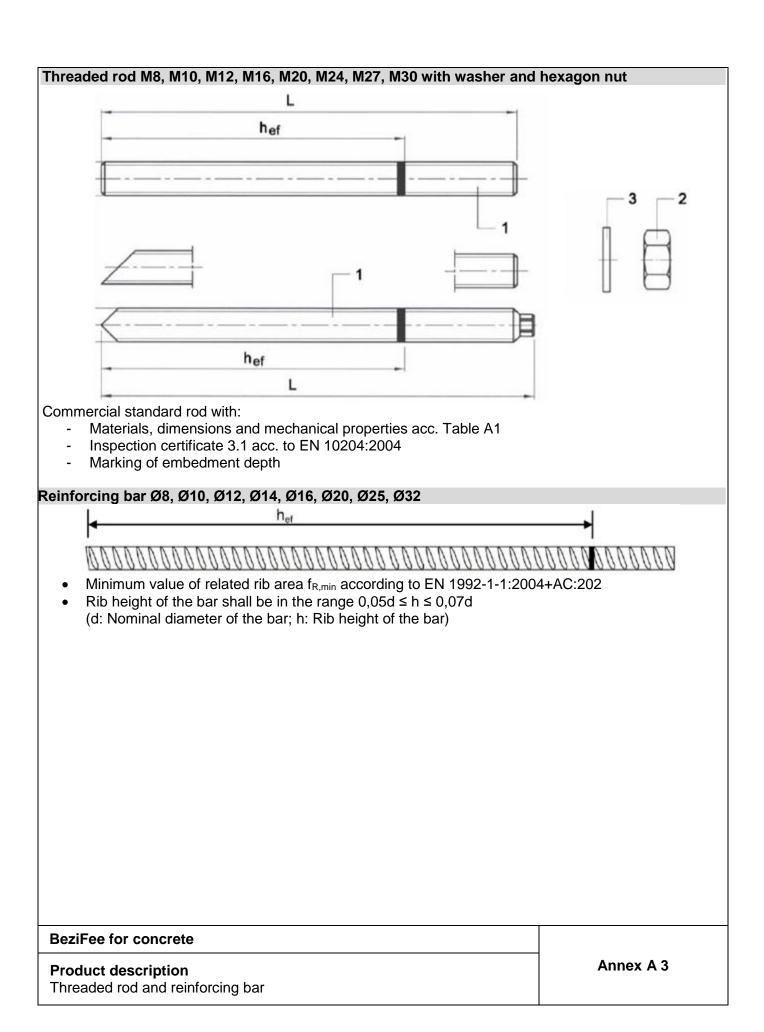
Issued in Prague on 22.02.2017

By

Ing. Mária Schaan Head of the Technical Assessment Body







### Table A1: Materials

Part	Designation	Material				
Steel,	Steel, zinc plated ≥ 5 µm acc. to EN ISO 4042:2009 or					
Steel, hot-dip galvanised ≥ 40 µm acc. to EN ISO 10684:2004+AC:2009						
		Steel, EN 10087:1998 or EN 10263:2001				
1	Anchor rod	Property class 4.6, 5.8, 8.8, EN 1993-1-8:2005+AC:2009				
		A <sub>5</sub> > 8% fracture elongation				
		Steel acc. to EN 10087:1998 or EN 10263:2001				
2	Hexagon nut, EN ISO 4032:2012	Property class 4 (for class 4.6 rod) EN ISO 898-2:2012,				
_	110Adg01111dt, E14100 4002.2012	Property class 5 (for class 5.8 rod) EN ISO 898-2:2012,				
		Property class 8 (for class 8.8 rod) EN ISO 898-2:2012				
	Washer, EN ISO 887:2006,					
3	EN ISO 7089:2000, EN ISO 7093:2000	Steel, zinc plated or hot-dip galvanised				
04 ! !	or EN ISO 7094:2000					
	less steel	Mark 21 A0 70 A4 70 A4 00 FN 100 0500				
1	Anchor rod	Material: A2-70, A4-70, A4-80, EN ISO 3506				
2	Hexagon nut	According to threaded rod				
	EN ISO 4032					
0	Washer	A condition to the good and good				
3	EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089,	According to threaded rod				
U¦ab.	EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094					
	corrosion resistant steel	Material: 4 4500 4 4505 FN 40000 4				
1	Anchor rod	Material: 1.4529, 1.4565, EN 10088-1				
2	Hexagon nut EN ISO 4032	According to threaded rod				
	Washer					
3	EN ISO 887, EN ISO 7089,	According to threaded rod				
3	EN ISO 7093 or EN ISO 7094	According to tilleaded for				
Rainf	orcing bars					
ACIIII		Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C				
	Rebar according to	f <sub>vk</sub> and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-				
1	EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	1/NA:2013				
	211 1002 1 1.200417(0.2010, 741110X O	$f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k^* f_{yk}$				
		run -myn				

BeziFee for concrete	
Product description Materials	Annex A 4

#### Specifications of intended use

#### **Anchorages subject to:**

- Static and quasi-static loads: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32.
- Seismic performance category C1: threaded rod size M12, M16, M20, M24

#### **Base materials**

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Strength classes C20/25 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Non-cracked concrete M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32.
- Cracked concrete: M12 to M24.

#### Temperature range:

- I: -40°C to +40°C (max long term temperature +24°C and max short term temperature +40°C)
- II: -40°C to +80°C (max long term temperature +50°C and max short term temperature +80°C)

#### **Use conditions (Environmental conditions)**

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure including industrial and marine environment, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel A4, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel A4, high corrosion resistance steel).
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal condition, with particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistance steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

#### Design:

- The anchorages are designed in accordance with the EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors" under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings.
- Anchorages under seismic actions (cracked concrete) have to be designed in accordance with EOTA Technical Report TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action".

#### Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete or flooded hole.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill mode.
- · Overhead installation allowed.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.

BeziFee for concrete	
Intended use Specifications	Annex B 1

### Table B1: Installation parameters for threaded rod

Anchor size		M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Nominal drill hole diameter	d <sub>0</sub> [mm] =	10	12	14	18	22	26	30	35
Effective anabarage depth	h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm] =	64	80	96	128	160	192	216	240
Effective anchorage depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm] =	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d <sub>f</sub> [mm] ≤	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33
Diameter of the steel brush	d <sub>b</sub> [mm] ≥	12	14	16	20	26	30	35	43
Torque moment	T <sub>inst</sub> [Nm] ≤	10	20	40	80	150	200	240	275
Thickness of fixture $\frac{t_{\text{fix,min}}  [\text{mm}] >}{t_{\text{fix,max}}  [\text{mm}] <}$		0							
		1500							
Minimum thickness of member	h <sub>min</sub> [mm]	h	n <sub>ef</sub> + 30 mn	n ≥ 100 mı	m		h <sub>ef</sub> +	2d <sub>0</sub>	
Minimum effecttive anchorage depth									
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	35	40	50	65	80	96	110	120
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	35 40 50		65	80	96	110	120	
Maximum effecttive anchorage depth									_
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	80	100	120	160	200	240	270	300
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	80	100	120	160	200	240	270	300

### Table B2: Installation parameters for rebar

Rebar size		Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Nominal drill hole diameter	d <sub>0</sub> [mm] =	12	14	16	20	25	32	40
Effective and an end death	h <sub>ef,min</sub> [mm] =	64	80	96	128	160	200	256
Effective anchorage depth	h <sub>ef,max</sub> [mm] =	160	200	240	320	400	500	640
Diameter of the steel brush	d <sub>b</sub> [mm] ≥	14	16	18	22	31	35	43
Minimum thickness of member	Minimum thickness of member h <sub>min</sub> [mm]			n ≥ 100 mm	1		h <sub>ef</sub> + 2d <sub>0</sub>	
Minimum effecttive anchorage depth								
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	35	40	50	65	80	100	130
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	35	40	50	65	80	100	130
Maximum effecttive anchorage depth								
Minimum spacing	s <sub>min</sub> [mm]	80	100	120	160	200	250	320
Minimum edge distance	c <sub>min</sub> [mm]	80	100	120	160	200	250	320

BeziFee for concrete	
Intended use Installation parameters	Annex B 2

Table B3: Parameters for cleaning and setting tools

Anchor	Size (mm)	Nominal drill bit diameter d <sub>o</sub> (mm)	Steel Brush d₅ (mm)	Steel Brush (min brush diameter) d <sub>b,min</sub> (mm)
	M8	10	12	10.5
	M10	12	14	12.5
Threaded	M12	14	16	14.5
Rod	M16	18	20	18.5
	M20	22	26	22.5
4	M24	26	30	26.5
	M27	30	35	30.5
	M30	35	43	35.5
	Ø8	12	14	12.5
	Ø10	14	16	14.5
Rebar	Ø12	16	18	16.5
	Ø16	20	22	20.5
777777777777777777	Ø20	25	31	25.5
	Ø25	32	35	32.5
	Ø32	40	43	40.5

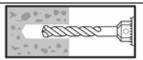
Hand pump (volume 750 ml)
Drill bit diameter (d<sub>0</sub>): 10 mm to 20 mm

#### Compressed air tool (min 6 bar) Drill bit diameter (d<sub>0</sub>): 10 mm to 40 mm

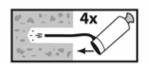


BeziFee for concrete	
Intended use Cleaning and setting tools	Annex B 3

#### **Installation instructions**



 Drill with hammer drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected anchor (Table B1 or Table B2). In case of aborted drill hole: the drill hole shall be filled with mortar

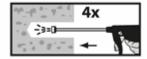


Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before cleaning.

2a. Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow the hole clean with compressed air (min. 6 bar) or a hand pump (Annex B3) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole

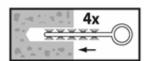
ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

or



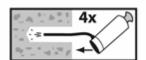
The hand pump can <u>only</u> be used for anchor sizes in uncracked concrete up to bore hole diameter 20mm or embedment depth up to 240mm.

Compressed air (min. 6 bar) can be used for all sizes in cracked and uncracked concrete.



**2b.** Check brush diameter (Table B3) and attach the brush to a drilling machine or battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush > d<sub>b,min</sub> (Table B3) a minimum of four times.

If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension shall be used (Table B3).

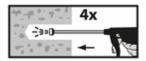


**2c.** Finally blow the hole clean again with compressed air or a hand pump (Annex B3) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension shall be used.

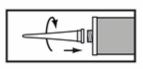
The hand pump can <u>only</u> be used for anchor sizes in uncracked concrete up to bore hole diameter 20mm or embedment depth up to 240mm.

Compressed air (min. 6 bar) can be used for all sizes in cracked and uncracked concrete.

or

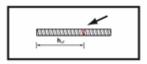


After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re-contamination in an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore hole. If necessary, the cleaning repeated has to be directly before dispensing the mortar.

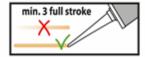


3. Attach a supplied static mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool. Cut off the foil tube clip before use.

For every working interruption longer than the working time (Table B4 and B5) as well as for new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used.



**4.** Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the filled bore hole, the position of the embedment depth shall be marked on the anchor rods.



5. Prior to dispensing into the anchor hole, squeeze out separately a minimum of three full strokes and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components until the mortar shows a consistent colour. For foil tube cartridges is must be discarded a minimum of six full strokes.

BeziFee for concrete	
Intended use Installation instructions	Annex B 4

# **Installation instructions (continuation)** Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned anchor hole fill the hole up to approximately two-thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment depth larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle shall be used. For overhead and horizontal installation in bore holes a piston plug and extansion nozzle according to Annex B3 shall be used. Observe the gel-/ Working times given in Tabe B4 and B5. 7. Push the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the anchor hole while turning slightly to ensure positive distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached. The anchor should be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material. 8. Be sure that the anchor is fully seated at the bottom of the hole and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application has to be renewed. For overhead application the anchor rod should be fixed (e.g. wedges). 9. Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time to applying any load or torque. Do not move or load the anchor until it is fully cured (attend Table B4 and B5). 10. After full curing, the add-on part can be installed with the max. torque (Table B1) by using a calibrated torque wrench.

Annex B 5

BeziFee for concrete

Installation instructions

**Intended Use** 

Base material temperature	Gel time (working time)	Minimum curing time in dry concret
+5°C to +9°C	10 min	145 min
+10°C to +19°C	6 min	85 min
+20°C to +29°C	4 min	50 min
+30°C	4 min	40 min
artridge temperature In wet concrete the curing time mus		C to +20°C

Curing time

# Table C1: Characteristic values of resistance for threaded rods under tension loads in non-cracked concrete

Anchor size threaded rod			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30	
Steel failure											
Characteristic tension re	esistance	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]				As	x f <sub>uk</sub>			
Combined pull-out and	d concrete failure										
Characteristic bond resis	stance in non-cracked cor	ncrete C20	0/25								
Temperature range I:	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	8.5	10.0	9.5	9.0	8.5	8.0	6.5	5.5
40°C / 24°C	flooded bore hole	T <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	6.0	7.5	7.5	7.0	No Pe	erforman	ce Deteri	mined
Temperature range II:	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	6.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.0	6.5	5.5
80°C / 50°C	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	No Pe	erforman	ce Deterr	mined
Increasing factors for c	onerete	C30/37					1.	04			
$\Psi_c$	Officiele	C40/50						08			
		C50/60					1.	10			
Factor according to CE 6.2.2.3	EN/TS 1992-4-5 Section	k <sub>8</sub>	[-]	10.1							
Concrete cone failure											
Factor according to CE 6.2.3.1	N/TS 1992-4-5 Section	k <sub>ucr</sub>	[-]	10.1							
Edge distance		C <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]	1.5 h <sub>ef</sub>							
Axial distance		S <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]				3.0	) h <sub>ef</sub>			
Splitting failure											
			h / h <sub>ef</sub> ≥ 2.0	1.0	h <sub>ef</sub>		hef				
Edge distance c <sub>cr,sp</sub> [mm] for		2.0 > h / h <sub>ef</sub> > 1.3		4.6 h <sub>ef</sub> – 1.8 h			1,3				
		h / h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 1.3		2.26 h <sub>ef</sub>			1,0·hef 2,26·hef			·h <sub>ef</sub>	.sp
Axial distance		S <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]	2 C <sub>cr,sp</sub>							
	or (dry and wet concrete)	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$				•	1.2				.4
Installation safety facto	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$			1.	.4		No Pe	erforman	ce Deterr	mined	

BeziFee for concrete	
Performances Characteristic values of resistance for threaded rods under tension loads in non-cracked concrete	Annex C 1

# Table C2: Characteristic values of resistance for threaded rods under tension loads in cracked concrete

Anchor size threaded rod					M16	M20	M24	M27	
Steel failure									
Characteristic tension re	sistance N	$R_{k,s} = N_{Rk,s,seis,C1}$	[kN]			A <sub>s</sub> x f <sub>uk</sub>			
Combined pull-out and concrete failure									
Characteristic bond resis	stance in cracked co	ncrete C20/25							
	dry and wet concr	T <sub>Rk,cr</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	NPD	
Temperature range I:	dry and wet conci	τ <sub>Rk,cr,seis,C1</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	NED	
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	T <sub>Rk,cr</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4.5	4.5	No Per	formance Det	ermined	
	nooded bore note	τ <sub>Rk,cr,seis,C1</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	3.1	3.1	NOFE	ioimance Dei	JUITINIEU	
	dry and wet concr	τ <sub>Rk,cr</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	NPD	
Temperature range II:	dry and wet conci	T <sub>Rk,cr,seis,C1</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	INFD	
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,cr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	3.0	3.0	No Performance Determined			
	nooded bore note	T <sub>Rk,cr,seis,C1</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	2.0	2.0				
Increasing factors for co	ncrete	C30/37		1.04					
$\Psi_{\rm c}$	HOICIC		C40/50		1.08				
		C50/60		1.10					
Factor according to CEN 6.2.2.3	n k <sub>8</sub>	[-]	7.2						
Concrete cone failure									
Factor according to CEN 6.2.3.1	n k <sub>cr</sub>	[-]	7.2						
Edge distance	C <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]	1.5 h <sub>ef</sub>						
Axial distance		S <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]	3.0 h <sub>ef</sub>				•	
Installation safety factor		te) $\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$		1.2					
Installation safety factor	(flooded bore hole)	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$		1	.4	No Per	formance Det	ermined	

BeziFee for concrete	
Performances Characteristic values of resistance for threaded rods under tension loads in cracked concrete	Annex C 2

# Table C3: Characteristic values of resistance for threaded rods under shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete

Anchor size threaded rod			M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure without lever arm			•						
	$V_{Rk,s}$ [kN]				0.5 x	A <sub>s</sub> x f <sub>uk</sub>			
Characteristic shear resistance	V <sub>Rk,s,seis,C1</sub> [kN]		rformance ermined		0.35 >	( A <sub>s</sub> x f <sub>uk</sub>			formance rmined
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.2.1	k <sub>2</sub>				(	0.8			
Steel failure with lever arm									
Characteristic bending moment	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub> [Nm	]				W <sub>el</sub> * f <sub>uk</sub>			
Characteristic bending moment	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s,seis,C1</sub> [Nm	]		No	Performar	nce Determ	nined		
Concrete pry-out failure									
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR029 Factor in equation (27) of CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.3	k <sub>(3)</sub>	2.0							
Installation safety factor	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$		1.0						
Concrete edge failure	Concrete edge failure								
Effective length of anchor	l <sub>f</sub> [mn	1]	$I_f = min(h_{ef}; 8 d_{nom})$						
Outside diameter of anchor	d <sub>nom</sub> [mn	1] 8						30	
Installation safety factor	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$				•	1.0			

BeziFee for concrete						
Performances Characteristic values of resistance for threaded rods under shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete	Annex C 3					

Table C4: Characteristic values of resistance for rebar under tension loads in non-cracked concrete

					1					
Anchor size reinforcing	g bar			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Steel failure					•					•
Characteristic tension re-	sistance	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]				A <sub>s</sub> x f <sub>uk</sub>			
Combined pull-out and	concrete failure									
Characteristic bond resis	tance in non-cracked	concrete C	20/25							
Temperature range I:	Dry and wet concrete	T <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	8.5	10.0	10.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	5.5
40°C/24°C	Flooded bore hole	T <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	6.0	7.5	7.5	7.5	_	Performa Determine	
Temperature range II:	Dry and wet concrete	T <sub>Rk,ucr</sub>	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	6.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.0	7.0	5.0
80°C/50°C	Flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm <sup>2</sup> ]	4.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	_	Performa Determine	
Increasing factors for cor	ncrete	C30/37					1.04			
$\Psi_{c}$	ioroto	C40/50		1.08						
		C50/60		1.10						
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section	on 6.2.2.3	k <sub>8</sub>	[-]	10.1						
Concrete cone failure										
Factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section	on 6.2.2.3	k <sub>ucr</sub>	[-]				10.1			
Edge distance		C <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]				1.5 h <sub>ef</sub>			
Axial distance		S <sub>cr,N</sub>	[mm]				3.0 h <sub>ef</sub>			
Splitting failure										
			h / h <sub>ef</sub> ≥ 2.0	1.0	) h <sub>ef</sub>	h/h <sub>ef</sub>				
Edge distance c <sub>cr.sp</sub> [mm] for		2.0 > h / h <sub>ef</sub> > 1.3		4.6 h <sub>ef</sub> – 1.8 h		2,0 1,3			-	
		h / h <sub>ef</sub> ≤ 1.3		2.26 h <sub>ef</sub>		1,0 ·h <sub>ef</sub> 2,26 ·h <sub>ef</sub> C <sub>cr,sp</sub>			C <sub>cr,sp</sub>	
Axial distance		S <sub>cr,sp</sub>	[mm]			·	2 c <sub>cr,sp</sub>			
Partial safety factor (dry	and wet concrete)	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$			-		1.2			-
Partial safety factor (floo				1.4 NPD						

BeziFee for concrete					
Performances Characteristic values of resistance for rebar under tension loads in non-cracked concrete	Annex C 4				

Table C5: Characteristic values of resistance for rebar under shear loads in	
non-cracked concrete	

Anchor size reinforcing bar				Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	ø32
Steel failure without lever arm									
Characteristic shear resistance	$V_{Rk,s}$	[kN]			0.	.50 x A <sub>s</sub> x 1	fuk		
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.2.1	k <sub>2</sub>					0.8			
Steel failure with lever arm									
Characteristic bending moment	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub>	M <sup>0</sup> <sub>Rk,s</sub> [Nm] 1.2 * W <sub>el</sub> * f <sub>uk</sub>							
Concrete pry-out failure	·								
Factor in equation (5.7) of Technical Report TR029 Factor in equation (27) of CEN/TS 1992-4-5 Section 6.3.3	<b>k</b> <sub>(3)</sub>	2.0							
Installation safety factor	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$		1.0						
Concrete edge failure	·								
Effective length of anchor	I <sub>f</sub>	[mm]	$I_f = min(h_{ef}; 8 d_{nom})$						
Outside diameter of anchor	d <sub>nom</sub>	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	25	32
Installation safety factor	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{\text{inst}}$		1.0						

BeziFee for concrete	
Performances Characteristic values of resistance for rebar under shear loads	Annex C 5

Table C6: Displacement of threaded rod under tension and shear load

Anchor size			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Non-cracked concrete										
Tension load	F	[kN]	6,3	7,9	11,9	15,9	23,8	29,8	37,7	45,6
Displacement	$\delta_{\text{N0}}$	[mm]	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,5	0,5	0,5
	$\delta_{N^\infty}$	[mm]	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
Shear load	F	[kN]	3,1	5,0	7,2	13,5	21,0	30,3	39,4	48,0
Displacement	$\delta_{\text{V0}}$	[mm]	1,5	1,5	1,5	1,5	2,0	2,5	2,5	2,5
	δ <sub>√∞</sub>	[mm]	2,3	2,3	2,3	2,3	3,0	3,8	3,8	3,8
Cracked concrete										
Tension load	F	[kN]			7,4	13,1	20,5	24,6		
Displacement	$\delta_{\text{N0}}$	[mm]			0,7	0,7	0,7	0,6		

Table C7: Displacement of rebar under tension and shear load

Rebar size			Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø32
Non-cracked concrete									
Tension load	F	[kN]	7,9	9,9	13,9	23,8	29,8	55,6	55,6
Displacement	$\delta_{\text{N0}}$	[mm]	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,5
	$\delta_{N^\infty}$	[mm]	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
Shear load	F	[kN]	5,9	9,3	13,3	23,7	37,0	57,9	94,8
Displacement	$\delta_{\text{V0}}$	[mm]	0,3	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,4	0,5	0,9
	δ <sub>V∞</sub>	[mm]	0,5	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,8	1,4

BeziFee for concrete				
Performances Displacements	Annex C 6			